ANGLAIS

FROG AND SWITCH GRINDER

Туре **MC.3**



GEISMAR, the quality choice !

You have just acquired a machine for laying and servicing railway lines. We thank you for choosing equipment developed and constructed by GEISMAR / STUMEC, the fruit of over eighty years' experience.

Every day since 1924, the GEISMAR Group has been investing in research and state-of-the-art construction to offer you the quality and reliability so essential to the requirements of the world of railways.

This machine, built entirely in France from design through to delivery, has been subjected to continuous, extremely strict controls. Formed of different mechanical elements assembled by highly qualified fitters, your machine has been tested, calibrated and controlled at every stage of its production.

We are convinced that it will give you every satisfaction and are, of course, at your service to offer you any recommendations you may require for its use or its maintenance.

We thank you for the confidence you have shown in us and, in the hope that we will remain one of your privileged partners, we would like to confirm that we are totally available for any comments or recommendations you may care to make.

In accordance with our environmental safety policy, this manual has been printed on recycled paper.





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CHAPTER 1 – SAFETY

1.1 Foreword

The following set of rules has been drawn up to ensure the application of precautionary principles that help to preserve the safety of persons and property when the machine is in use. Any failure to comply with these rules can have serious repercussions (bodily injury, etc.), and can even be fatal, so we must draw your attention to the fact that all persons involved in the use, maintenance, storage or custody of the machine covered by the present manual must be familiar with these rules.

Any users who cause an accident through failure to comply with these rules will be held personally responsible for the results of their actions.

1.2 Instructions for safety and general use

All persons using, servicing or repairing this equipment must have undergone the training, possess the skills, and have at their disposal the tools necessary to carry out any such operations.

Before using the equipment, even in a maintenance context, it is necessary to read the corresponding instruction manual, together with its appendices, and the safety rules in force in the workplace.

Comply carefully with the general safety instructions drawn up for the site by the person in charge of the site, especially if the work is carried out without stopping or diverting traffic.

The equipment can only be used, serviced or repaired by competent personnel who have undergone thorough specialized training beforehand. The technical documentation and the instructions are useful in completing the knowledge acquired during the training courses, but they can in no way replace theoretical and practical qualifying training, provided in accordance with good professional practice.

If the operating company is not in a position to carry out the necessary training for its staff, at a satisfactory level, the GEISMAR/STUMEC Company is able to provide advice concerning the training programme to be implemented.

The training must include an explanation of the various equipment functions, the instructions for use and maintenance, and the safety rules applicable, together with practical exercises.

IMPORTANT! All persons using the machine must comply with the labour regulations in force



The GEISMAR/STUMEC Company cannot be held responsible for any modifications made without its written approval, or for any assembly work not in conformity with its recommendations, especially in the case of use of parts other than original manufacturer's parts.





1.3 General safety instructions

- The operator and the working environment
 - \Rightarrow To avoid all risks of accident or injury, it is essential to wear:
 - Sturdy, non-flammable clothing that is suitably close-fitting
 - Strong, non-slip gloves
 - Safety shoes
 - Protective eyewear
 - Safety helmet
 - All other equipment necessary on the site or when using the machine
 - \Rightarrow In the case of use of ear defenders, the safety instructions in force on the site must be complied with at all times.
 - ⇒ Make sure that the machine vibrations do not lead to a loss of sensitivity in the hands. Adapt the working periods to the level of vibration caused by the machine, which is shown within the framework of normal use.
 - Do not work with the machine if you are not sure that you can control it correctly. Do not start working with the machine until you are sure that you can do so in full safety, for yourself (good conditions of visibility and lighting) and for other people (work calmly and carefully). Take care to ensure you have a firm, stable footing; all unstable working positions must be prohibited.
 - \Rightarrow The user must be in a physical and mental condition enabling work to be carried out without danger.
 - \Rightarrow The work area must be free of all obstacles. The work area (and the surrounding areas) must be free of all flammable substances.
 - ⇒ If anything does not seem clear to you, whether it concerns the machine or the work to be carried out, ask a qualified person for information. Do not base your work on assumptions.
 - ⇒ For underground use (tunnel or gallery), or in a closed area, make sure there is sufficient ventilation or extraction to avoid the risks generated by inhaling exhaust gases or by their build-up.
 - \Rightarrow This equipment must not be used in an explosive atmosphere.
 - Avoid working positions in which exhaust gases could come into contact with parts of the body, whether protected or not.
 - \Rightarrow In a general way, take all necessary precautions to prevent flammable products from coming into contact with fire hazards.
 - \Rightarrow The operator must ensure that no one else is within the working area. In particular, it is necessary to make sure that in the direction in which the machine is travelling, no one can be hit. If someone is nonetheless in the path of the machine, the operator must stop and warn the person of his passage.
 - \Rightarrow When the machine is installed on the track, it must be handled only by the number of operators strictly necessary for its normal use.
 - \Rightarrow As the overall size of the machines does not enable extinguishers to be carried on them, we strongly recommend placing extinguishers of an appropriate type to deal with the fire hazards close to the machine.
 - \Rightarrow The user must comply with all the regulatory environmental instructions applicable to the machine in use.





• <u>The operator and the machine</u>

- Before putting the machine into service each time, check that its condition and its operation are in compliance with the instructions.
 In particular, make sure that the controls are free and in good working order, and that they are in the "stop" or "neutral" position. Never make any modifications that could affect correct operation of the control systems.
- \Rightarrow All the protective elements must be kept carefully in place and in good condition.
- Always keep the machine clean and remove any accumulated dust, especially if it could absorb flammable products.
- \Rightarrow Always move forwards when working.
- \Rightarrow When working, always hold the machine with both hands to ensure control at all times, and to be able to use it in full safety.
- \Rightarrow Never bring a machine close to a flame or a source of heat.
- ⇒ The machine must never be positioned close to hot or protruding elements that could damage some parts (tanks, exhaust, housings...).
- ⇒ Never move away from a machine while the engine is running, even when it is idling. Stop the engine immediately if the machine is not in use. After stopping the engine, wait until all moving parts have come to a complete stop.
- \Rightarrow Work on the electrical installations on the machine can only be carried out by suitably qualified persons.
- Read and make sure you fully understand all the signs placed on the machine, and always comply with all the instructions.
- ⇒ The signs placed on the machine include pictograms, manufacturer's plates, and instruction labels. Make sure they are kept clean and replaced if they have been damaged, or if they are missing or illegible. If one of these elements is on a part that is to be replaced, a new element must be present on the replacement part. Please contact us on this subject.
- \Rightarrow When using a lifting device, the lifting operations of the machine must be done only using the lifting points indicated on the instruction manual.
- \Rightarrow When possible, the lifting of the machine is to be done only when the machine needs to be set in or out of the track. If the machine has to stay lifted (for a maintenance operation for example), the hazardous area must be signaled/marked, so that no one can stay below the machine or walk close by.

THE MACHINE MUST NEVER BE USED FOR A PURPOSE OTHER THAN THAT FOR WHICH IT IS INTENDED

NEVER TOUCH A MOVING PART WITH A TOOL, OR WITH THE HAND, OR WITH ANY OTHER PART OF THE BODY

IT IS **ESSENTIAL TO STOP THE ENGINE** AND SET THE CONTROL TO THE STOP POSITION BEFORE CARRYING OUT :

- ANY HANDLING WORK
- ANY WORK TO CHANGE TOOLS OR SOCKETS
- ANY WORK INVOLVING FUEL OR OIL (FILLING, TOPPING UP, CHECKING LEVELS, ETC.)
- ANY REPAIR, MAINTENANCE OR CLEANING WORK

1.3





• Using and handling fuel and oil

- ➡ It is essential to stop the engine and set the control to the stop position before carrying out any work involving fuel (filling up, checking the level, draining, etc.).
- \Rightarrow Always keep suitable extinguishers ready for use in all areas where fuel is handled (storage, filling up, etc.).
- Always store fuel and oil in separate cans specially designed for the purpose and bearing the labels required by regulations. They must be stored in a safe place, well away from all types of fire hazard.
- \Rightarrow Each time a machine is started up, and while it is running, make sure that there are no fuel leaks from any part of the machine. If a leak is suspected, stop the engine immediately and do not restart the machine until the leak has been repaired.
- ⇒ Never carry out any work on a fuel tank or handle fuel to fill a tank, or for any other reason, in an area where there could be a fire hazard (such as a burning cigarette, a blowtorch, sparks, etc.) or substances that are incandescent or at a high temperature (such as welding spatters, slag, clinker, etc.). All such work must always be carried out outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- \Rightarrow Always turn all mobile phones off while filling a tank with fuel or handling fuel.
- \Rightarrow Carefully tighten the fuel filler cap each time, and check that no fuel leaks from it.
- Always remove a filler cap slowly, to enable any internal pressure to be released without spraying any fuel out. Take special care if the surrounding temperature is high.
- \Rightarrow When putting fuel in a machine that has heated up, never fill the tank completely. Do not put in more than three-quarters of the tank capacity.
- ⇒ If fuel starts to boil in the tank when putting fuel in a machine that has heated up, screw the cap on again immediately and leave the machine to cool down.
- \Rightarrow Make sure the fuel used is suitable for the type of engine on the machine. See the user manual for the engine.
- \Rightarrow Do not inhale fuel vapour.
- \Rightarrow If it is necessary to drain the fuel tank, pour the fuel into a container designed for the purpose and bearing the labels required by regulations. Always close them tightly, even if they only contain a small quantity. Never use a glass container.
- ⇒ Never use fuel for cleaning work. Use only non-flammable, non-toxic products that are harmless for the user, the equipment and environment.
- ➡ If fuel has been spilt near the filling area for any reason, clean it up immediately. Clean straightaway any spillage of fuel on the skin. Make sure no fuel has been spilt on your clothes; otherwise, change clothes immediately. Remove all rags or other materials used to wipe fuel, and store them in a safe place well away from all sources of heat or combustion. Move the machine well clear of any spilt fuel before starting it up (at least 6 metres away), and do not move any closer to the area while the engine is running.

IN CERTAIN CASES HANDLING OIL CAN GIVE RISE TO THE SAME TYPE OF RISKS AS HANDLING FUEL. IT IS THEN ESSENTIAL TO TAKE THE SAME PRECAUTIONS WITH OIL AS THOSE SET OUT ABOVE FOR FUEL.

1.3



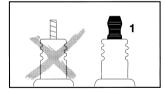


• Tools to be used on the machine

- \Rightarrow Use only the types of tools intended for normal use of the machine.
- \Rightarrow Measure the speed of all rotating tools at regular intervals.
- \Rightarrow Never use tools at speeds greater than the maximum speed for which they have been designed and approved.
- \Rightarrow Never use damaged tools or tools that have reached their maximum level of wear.

• <u>The engine on the machine</u>

- \Rightarrow Never touch the hot parts of the engine, and especially the exhaust pipe. If it is necessary to work on the engine, wait until it has cooled down.
- \Rightarrow Check the engine rotation speed at regular intervals, and especially after fitting tools or reassembling the machine. Adjust if necessary.
- \Rightarrow Never exceed the speed shown in the technical specifications.
- \Rightarrow After starting with the choke, remember to return the choke to the normal running position.
- \Rightarrow Never wind the starter rope around your hand, and never release it suddenly.
- \Rightarrow If the machine does not operate correctly after the engine has been started, stop the engine and inform the head of maintenance.
- ⇒ For petrol engines, use only spark plugs whose tops are as shown in drawing 1 opposite. If the plug is fitted with a screw top, make sure the top is fully tightened. After fitting the spark plug, make sure that the plug cap is in good condition and that it stays firmly on the plug. Carefully check the fastening system to make sure that no sparks can be formed.



• <u>Using trolleys</u> (If applicable)

- \Rightarrow A machine designed to work on a trolley must not be used without the trolley. The trolley is thus an integral part of the machine. The machine and the trolley must not be used separately.
- ⇒ Trolleys whose use is dedicated to a machine must never be used to transport equipment or personnel, or attached to a vehicle.
- \Rightarrow Before fitting the machine on its trolley, it must be placed correctly on the track to ensure that it can run freely. If it is on a sloping section of track, make sure the trolley is kept immobile while the machine is being put on the track or taken off it.
- \Rightarrow Attention, the trolley takes up the full width of the track and can cause injuries to the legs if it hits someone.





1.4 Special safety instructions

1.4.1 <u>Risks liable to be caused by using an "MC3" type grinder</u>

The main risks liable to be caused by "MC3" type frog and switch point grinders for the operator and other persons close by, are:

- Fires resulting from fuel handling
- Fires caused by sparks encountering inflammable material.
- Grinding wheels bursting during use under non-standard conditions
- Injuries or burns caused by sparks or grinding wheel debris being projected (particular must be taken to protect eyes).
- Severe injury if any part of the body comes into contact with the grinding wheel when it is turning.
- Inhalation of particles caused by grinding (use protective equipment to avoid inhaling any particles).

IMPORTANT

Due to the possibility of positioning the engine at an angle whilst working, the following rules MUST be systematically obeyed:

- > Always bring the grinding wheel back to vertical, stop all grinding operations and stop the engine before opening the fuel cap.
- > Never fill the fuel tank over ³/₄ full (to avoid any seepage when the engine is working at an angle.)
- Never work on a fuel tank, or handle fuel for filling or for any other reason in any zone where the following may be present: An ignition source (for example: Lit cigarettes, blow-lamps, sparks, etc.) or materials that are incandescent or at high temperatures (for example: welding flash, various types of slag, etc.). Always carry out this type of operation in the open air in a well ventilated area. Lock the fuel tank cap after use and check that no fuel can escape.
- ▶ Refer to §1.2 "Safety and general operating instructions" and §1.3 "General safety regulations"





- 1.4.2 Safety rules to be followed before and during use of the "MC3" type grinder
- Besides the clothing specified in paragraph §1.3 "General safety regulations / the operator and his environment", any personnel using this equipment must also use protective equipment such as: masks or glasses, an apron, gaiters or boots in fireproof material Wearing a protective mask for avoiding any inhalation of grinding dust is also recommended.
- > Do not use any damaged, cracked or split grinding wheels.
- Rotate any new or refitted grinding wheel for 30 seconds without any load on it. All personnel should be kept at a distance during the test, except for the operator who must stay at the controls of his machine, but outside the grinding wheel's plane of rotation and ready to stop the engine if necessary.
- When grinding, never stand in direct line with the sparks. If necessary, set up a screen for stopping sparks and prevent them from encountering any dangerous areas (dangers of brush fires in summer).
- > Do not let the grinding wheel hit anything when in operation as this may cause it to burst.
- > Make sure that the grinding wheel is never in contact with a sleeper, ballast or any other foreign body.
- Before starting the machine, check that the grinding wheel protective cover is in good condition and correctly attached. Never make any modifications to it.
- > Install a new protective cover if ever a grinding wheel has burst and every time the cover appears to be in poor condition.
- > Regularly check rotation speeds especially after reassembling the machine and correct them if necessary.
- > Only use the types of grinding-wheel allowed, as far as both dimensions and composition characteristics are concerned.
- > Never use grinding wheels at speeds higher than the maximum speed recommended by their manufacturer, which should be marked on every wheel.
- Stop the engine systematically before taking the machine off the rails or between two grinding operations where the machine has to be moved from one point to another.

ONLY USE GRINDING WHEELS:

- \rightarrow Whose maximum operating speed is higher than the maximum speed of the grinding wheel arbor, indicated on the machine.
- → Whose outside diameter is smaller than or equal to the maximum diameter allowed as indicated on the machine.
- \rightarrow Authorized by regulations in force for this type of machine.





1.4.3 Personal protective equipment

- Personnel using this equipment must wear the clothing specified in paragraph §1.3 "General safety regulations / the operator and his environment". He must also be equipped with equipment to protect him against sparks, such as: masks or glasses, an apron, solid non-slip gloves, and gaiters or boots in fireproof material
- Wearing a protective mask for avoiding any inhalation of grinding dust is also recommended.
- Besides using the personal protective equipment described in §1.3 "General safety regulations / the operator and his environment", we also recommend the use of ear muffs. However, railway regulations in force and applicable to the worksite must be referred to, in order to see whether muffs may be used or not.







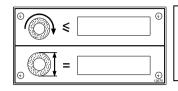


1.4.4 Pictograms and safety instructions

The presence of pictograms and safety instructions is compulsory on the profile grinder in the positions indicated. If any of them are missing or deteriorated, replacements MUST be ordered immediately and installed in the position provided for. If any part with a label on it has been replaced, make sure that a new label has been fixed to the new part.



Reference: N° 12528 (yellow background) **Position:** Glued to the grinding height adjustment barrel.



Reference: N° 12670 **Position:** Riveted onto the machine's grinding wheel cover.



Reference: N° HZM (blue background) **Position:** Glued to the grinding height adjustment barrel.



<u>Reference:</u> N° 12569 (blue background) **Position:** Glued to each of the machine's carrying arms (if supplied).

ATTENTION Ne pas coucher la machine de ce elté	
WARNING Don't tilt the machine on this side	-
ACHTUNG Maschiae nicht auf diese Seite kippen	414.70

<u>Reference:</u> N° 12632 (white background) **Position:** Glued to the fuel tank beside the filling cap.



Reference: N° 12412 **Position:** Riveted onto the machine's grinding wheel cover.





CHAPTER 2 – MACHINE DESCRIPTION

2.1 General

Manufacturer:	SOCIETE TURRIPINOISE DE MECANIQUE
	Route d'Italie
	38110 LA TOUR DU PIN
Name of equipment	Frog and switch point grinder
<u>Type</u> :	MC.3

The MC3 type frog and switch point grinding machine is designed for grinding switch blades, frogs and wheel-guides on all types of points and crossings

The tilt angle of the grinding head up to $\pm 30^{\circ}$ from vertical (with angle readout on a graduated rule) also enables certain number of fillet radii to be ground.

Its exceptional performance, its sturdiness and its firm, accurate and ergonomic controls offer optimal ease of operation.

It has been totally designed by calling on the latest techniques used in the machine tool industry.

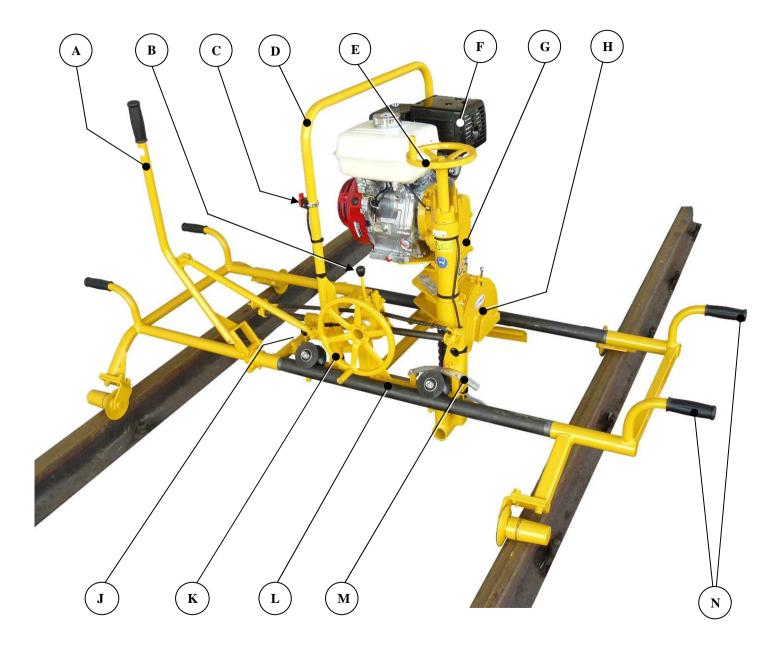
The combination of movement provided by its two carriages, which move in two perpendicular directions, gives access to a very wide zone of action.

- Along the track (4-wheel trolley)
- Perpendicular to the track (carriage holding the machine's grinding wheel mechanism).

The grinding wheel moves both horizontally and vertically.







	Description		
А	Operating lever		
В	Wheel tilt locking catch		
С	Remote motor stop button		
D	Work bar		
Е	Wheel raising & lowering hand- wheel		
F	Engine		
G	Grinding head		
Н	Grinding wheel protective housing		
J	Cross-traverse locking catch		
K	Wheel tilt hand-wheel		
L	Guiding column		
М	Graduated scale		
N	Lifting handles (x4)		





2.3 <u>Technical characteristics</u>

TYPE OF ENGINE (4-stroke)		HONDA GX 160	HONDA GX 200	HONDA GX 270	BRIGS&STRATTON 19H132	
Machine dimensions						
Length / width / height	mm	2160 / 1100 / 1030	2160 / 1100 / 1030	2160 / 1100 / 1030	2160 / 1100 / 1030	
Weight						
Machine (empty)	kg	95	107	107	94	
Machine (ready-to-run)	kg	103	115	115	102	
Noise						
Acoustic pressure level (Laeq) ⁽¹⁾	dB (A)	85 (±2)	86 (±2)	86 (±2)	78 (±2)	
Acoustic power level (Lwa) ⁽²⁾	dB (A)	92 (±2)	94 (±2)	94 (±2)	91 (±2)	
Vibrations						
Vibration level (Aeq) ⁽³⁾	ms ⁻²	1.1 (operating lever) ($\pm 2\%$)	1,1 (operating lever) ($\pm 2\%$)	1.5 (operating lever) ($\pm 2\%$)	3,2 (operating lever) ($\pm 2\%$)	
		1.3 (lifting arm) (±2%)	1,3 (lifting arm) (±2%)	1.8 (lifting arm) (±2%)	3,7 (lifting arm) (±2%)	
Motor						
Power (at 3600 rpm)	kW	3.6 (= 4.8hp)*	4.1 (= 5.5hp)*	6 (= 8hp)*	4.8 (= 6.5hp)	
Fuel tank capacity	litre	3,1	3,1	5,3	3,8	
Fuel consumption	Liters/hour	1,4	1,7	2,5	1,9	
Fuel		Unleaded petrol				
Start-up			Pull-rope start	with auto return		
Machine		For grinding wheel $\emptyset \le 254$ mm For grinding wheel		vheel Ø 260mm		
Preset engine speed (maximum speed)	rpm		3600		3300	
Grinding wheel rotation speed	rpm	3570		3270		
Maximum grinding wheel diameter	mm	254		260		
Grinding wheel				1		
Outside diameter	mm	230 or 250 or 254 or 260 (depending on machine)				
Maximum permitted peripheral speed	m/sec	50 or 80 (depending on machine)				
Wheel composition		Resinoid grinding wheel (wheel made with synthetic binder)			nder)	
Vertical movement of the wheel	mm	65				

⁽¹⁾ Measurements taken under load as per NF EN ISO 11204. ⁽²⁾ Measurements taken under load as per NF EN ISO 3746. ⁽³⁾ Vibration readings taken under load as per NF EN ISO 5349.

* The engine power given in this document corresponds to the net power produced tested on a standard motor and measured to SAE J1349 standards at a given engine speed. This power value may vary on other standard motors. The net power produced by the engine mounted on the machine may vary for numerous reasons, such as, for example, engine speeds used for a specific application, environmental conditions, etc.





2.4 Allocation of loads

The diagram below shows how loads are allocated as a percentage of the machine's weight.

Refer to §3.3 "Putting the machine on the rails" for determining the number of persons required for transport operations.

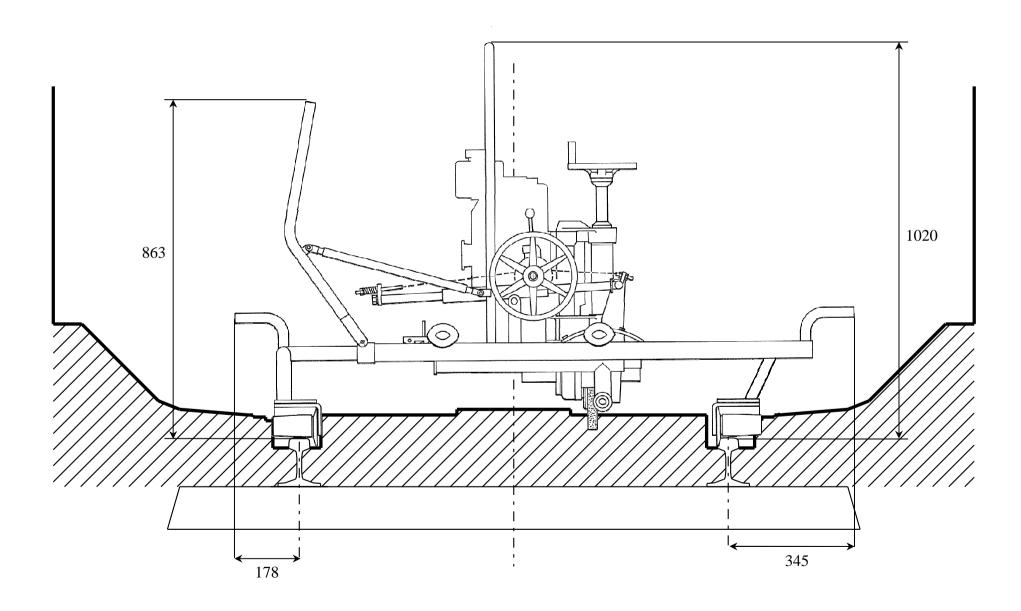






2.5 **Position of the machine in the gauge**

The following diagram gives the machine's dimensions compared with low track gauge UIC 505-1 (track with a nominal gauge of 1435).







CHAPTER 3 – INSTALLATION – SET-UP

3.1 Fitting the grinding wheel

The grinding wheel MUST ALWAYS be fitted with the engine or motor switched off, with the machine placed on the ground and the grinding head in a vertical position and raised as high as possible.

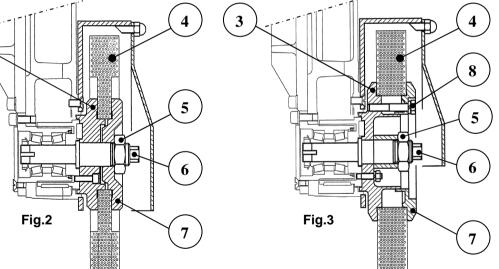
→ <u>Removing the grinding wheel</u>:

- $1 \rightarrow$ Unscrew the 4 nuts Ref. (1) using a 13 mm spanner and then remove the protective cover Ref. (2) (See fig.1).
- $2 \rightarrow$ Separate the grinding wheel Ref. (4) from the wheel-holder plate Ref. (3):
 - Assembly fig.2 >> unscrew nut Ref. (5) with a 36 mm spanner, holding the pulley shaft Ref. (6) in position with the 17 mm box spanner.
 - Assembly fig.3 >> Unscrew the four screws Ref. (8) with a 13 mm spanner, holding the pulley shaft Ref. (6) in position with the 17 mm box spanner.
- $3 \rightarrow$ Remove the back plate Ref. (7) and then remove the grinding wheel fitted to the machine.
- → <u>Fitting the grinding wheel</u> (with the grinding wheel protective cover already removed):
- 4→ Assembly fig.2 >> Position the wheel Ref. ④ so that its inside diameter bears on the shoulder of the wheel-holder flange plate Ref. ③. Place the back plate Ref. ⑦ on the pulley shaft Ref. ⑥ and tighten the unit together using nut Ref. ⑤ and a 36 mm spanner, continuing to hold the pulley shaft Ref. ⑥ in position with the 17 mm box spanner.
 - Assembly fig.3 >> Position the wheel Ref. ④ so that its inside diameter bears on the shoulder of the wheel-holder flange plate Ref. ③. Place the back plate Ref. ⑦ in contact with the wheel and maintain it in position with the four holding screws Ref. ⑧. Bring the screws into contact and then tighten them with a 13 mm spanner.

Do not overtighten nut Ref. (5) or screws Ref. (8).

5 → Position the protective housing Ref. ② and fix in place by tightening the 4 nuts Ref. ① using a 13 mm spanner.





Grinding wheels are marked with a use-before date. Check that the date has not been overrun. Please contact us should you wish to use a grinding wheel other than the original supply or to adapt different grinding wheels.



GRINDING WHEELS TO BE USED MUST COMPLY WITH THE TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS DEFINED IN § 2.3 "TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS / GRINDING WHEEL".





3.2 Initial assembly

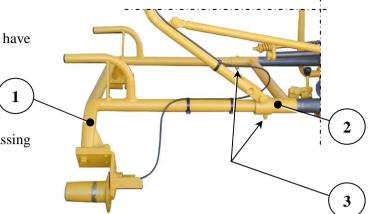
To reduce the overall size of the unit before packaging, its rear roller support Ref. may have been dismantled.

Should this be the case on the machine in question, it must be re-assembled before use.

To re-assembly the machine, proceed as follows:

- Insert the rear roller support unit Ref. (1) into the chassis of the machine Ref. (2).
- Insert the 2 holding screws Ref. ③ in the sockets provided for this purpose (holes passing through the 2 tubes).
- Screw in and tighten the 2 holding screws (13 mm spanner).

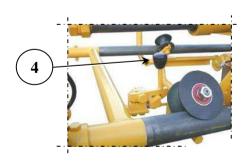
3.3 <u>Putting the machine on the rails</u>

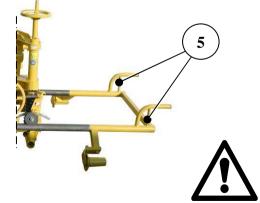


Before any handling operation, the mobile part of the machine must be prevented from making any crossways movement by engaging the catch Ref. (4). The frog and switch point grinder may be positioned on or close to railway lines using a crane or any other type of lifting equipment with a capacity of over 2000N and the lifting rings Ref. (5) (x4) (if supplied) located at the four corners of the machine (between the chassis and the lifting arms).

The "MC3" frog and switch point grinder can also be put into position by hand using the 4 lifting arms Ref. ⁽⁶⁾ located on either side of the machine. The positioning operation can be carried out by two persons. Nevertheless, if access to the work area proves to be difficult, provide for a sufficient number of persons so that transport operations can be carried out under satisfactory safety conditions.

Once the machine has been positioned on the rails, it must be immobilized to prevent it from moving by itself and hitting and injuring anybody. If the machine is fitted with a roller brake (See Chap.6 "Optional equipment"), check that the brake is on. Otherwise chock the machine if necessary.







ALL MACHINE-MOVING OPERATIONS ON AND OFF THE RAILS MUST BE CARRIED OUT WITH THE ENGINE SWITCHED OFF





Petrol with an octane content of at least 90 RON must be used on the frog and switch point grinder's four-stroke engine. Ordinary unleaded petrol containing no more than 10% of ethanol (E10) or 5% of methanol in volume may be used.

Petrol > DIESEL and ALCOHOL are NOT ALLOWED

Storing petrol \Rightarrow petrol oxidizes and its condition deteriorates as time goes by. Should the machine be stored for a long period, empty the fuel tank beforehand and let the engine run until it is out of fuel.

Filling up with fuel

Take care when opening the fuel can.

Pressure may build up inside the can. Open it carefully

Before filling up, carefully clean the fuel cap and its surrounding area to prevent any impurity from entering the fuel tank.

Put the grinding head in a vertical position so that the petrol cap is facing upwards.

- Opening the cap:
- **1** By hand, turn the cap anticlockwise as far as possible
- **2** Remove the petrol cap



NEVER FILL UP WITH FUEL WITH THE ENGINE RUNNING, OR OVERHEATED

Open the fuel tank carefully so that any inside overpressure can escape gently, without any fuel being projected.

Never open the fuel cap using a tool. You risk damaging the cap and letting fuel escape in the future.

Fill up the tank in a well-ventilated area and never close to possible ignition sources, such as: blow-torches, sparks, welding flash, etc. Move the machine more than 6m away from its filling point before starting up.

When filling, never spill fuel and never totally fill the tank. Only put in a quantity of fuel equal to ³/₄ of its maximum capacity.

• Closing the cap:

- Put the cap in position on the filling hole.
- **2** By hand, turn the cap clockwise as far as possible.



THE FUEL TAP MUST BE SYSTEMATICALLY CLOSED AFTER USE

This prevents petrol from getting into the oil-bath, which would reduce its quality



3.5 Machine inspection



Every element of the machine must be examined by a proficient person before start-up, so as to detect any possible faults. This inspection will be mainly composed of a visual and functional check-up.

The inspection phase enables a check to be made for ensuring that all elements are safe and that they have not been damaged during transport or storage.

- <u>Checking mechanically welded units</u> (these checks must be made with the engine switched off) Check visually that there are no external faults, deformation, superficial cracks, wear or marks of corrosion.
- <u>Checking levels</u> (this check must be made with the engine switched off)
- <u>Fuel level</u>: Check the fuel level and add if necessary (A: Refer to §1.3 "General safety regulations" / sub-§: "Using and handling fuel" before carrying out any operation).
- Engine oil level: Check the engine oil level using the gauge and add oil if required. The level should be slightly below the maximum level on the gauge, but it must never be over this level.
- <u>Checking safety equipment</u>

Start up the engine (A: Refer to §4.1.2 "Starting and stopping the engine") and check that safety equipment operates correctly (remote engine stop).

• Checking operation

Check that controls operate correctly. Check that the grinding wheel raising and lowering hand-wheel and the tilt control system operate correctly i.e. when these elements are manoeuvred, their movement must be as fluid as possible without any hard spots.

• Checking the grinding wheel and its holding system

Check the condition of the grinding wheel and the wheel-arbour visually. Refer to the manufacturer's instructions concerning the technical characteristics and the wear limits on the grinding wheel.

• Checking the grinding wheel protective cover

Check that there are no knocks or cracks on the protective cover.



SHOULD ANY ANOMALY BE DETECTED DURING THE INSPECTION PHASE OR WHEN IN OPERATION, THE MACHINE MUST OBLIGATORILY BE PUT BACK IN A COMPLIANT CONDITION BY PROFICIENT PERSONNEL OR THE MANUFACTURER BEFORE IT CAN BE REUSED.

MC3 Gb 00799 101020



CHAPTER 4 – OPERATION



4.1 **Operating conditions**

4.1.1 The operator's work area

The operator's work area Ref. (1) is inside two vertical limits (between the two rails), defined by gauge UIC 505-1 (See §2.5 "Position of the machine in the gauge").

4.1.2 Starting and stopping the machine

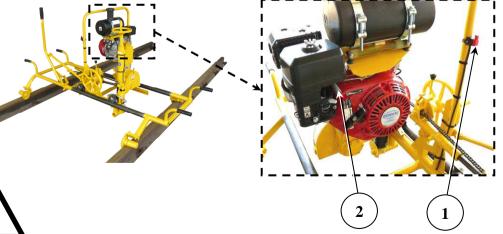
Refer to the engine constructor's instructions for information on the position of the elements to be turned on and off for starting up and stopping the engine.

The engine must only be started and stopped (normal operating conditions) when the grinding head is vertical and there is a space of at least 3 mm between the rail and the grinding wheel.

\rightarrow <u>Start-up</u>:

- Check that the remote engine stop button Ref. ① is in position 1.
- Start the engine, let it idle for a few moments until the speed is stabilized and the engine starts to warm up.
- Once the engine is hot, increase its speed by moving the accelerator handle Ref. 2 up to the end-stop (preset in our works).
- → <u>Stopping the machine</u>:
 - Move the grinding wheel about 3 mm away from the rail.
 - Reduce engine speed by returning the accelerator Ref. 2 to low speed (idling speed).
 - Stop the engine, by pushing down the remote engine stop button Ref. ① to one of the two **0** positions.





THE MACHINE MUST ONLY BE STARTED UP AFTER IT HAS BEEN PLACED ON THE RAILS





4.1.3 <u>Machine operation</u>

To show how the machine runs, below we describe the different stages that make up the grinding operation, explaining for each stage: what controls are to be used and the position of each of them.

The stages that make up the grinding operation are:

- **1** > Moving the grinding head to the zone to be ground.
- 2 > Tilting the grinding head to the required angle.
- Θ > Adjusting the height of the grinding wheel.
- Grinding in successive passes.

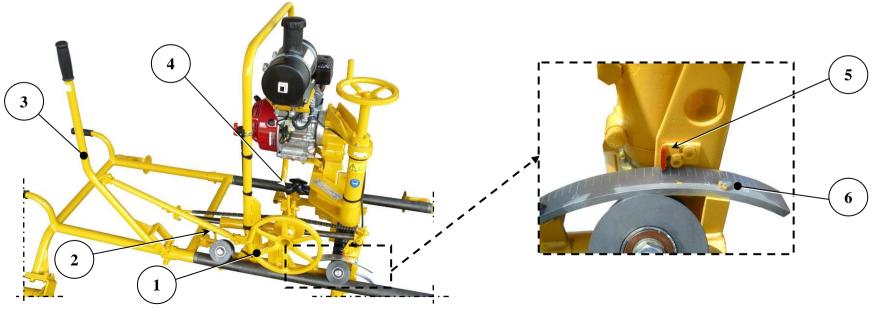
 $\mathbf{0}$ > Moving the grinding head to the zone to be ground.

To move the head, release catch Ref. (2) which holds the grinding head in position on the cross-traverse carriage and using the lever Ref. (3) bring the grinding wheel into position close to the zone to be ground.

2 > Tilting the grinding head to the required angle.

Raise pin Ref. 4 on the holding catch and using the tilt hand wheel Ref. 1, set the grinding head at the angle required. The movement of index Ref. 5 on graduated scale Ref. 6 gives the tilt angle. Lock the hand wheel in position by lowering pin Ref. 4 on the catch.

To avoid making any hollows in the rail when grinding, it is essential to not to put too much load on the operating lever Ref. ③ combined with the machine's to-and-fro movement.



4.1



$\textcircled{O} > \underline{Adjusting the height of the grinding wheel}$

Once the grinding head has been positioned correctly and locked in place, start up the engine (Δ : Refer to §4.1.2 Starting and stopping the machine").

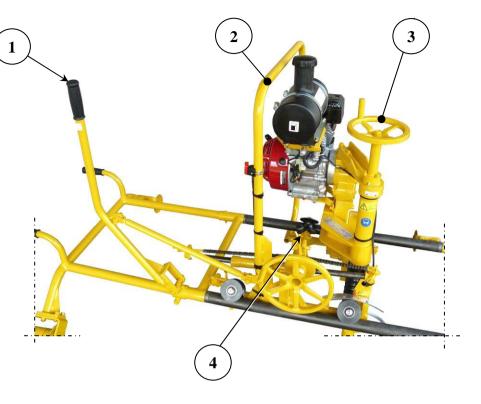
Then turn the hand-wheel to lower the grinding wheel Ref. ③, moving the operating lever Ref. ① at the same time so that the grinding wheel lightly touches (a few sparks) the surface to be ground.

$\mathbf{4} \succ \underline{\mathbf{Grinding in successive passes}}$

Then carry out the grinding operation in successive passes by giving the grinder a short to-and-fro movement along the rail.

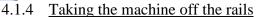
To move the machine longitudinally, take hold of the handle on the operating arm Ref. ① with one hand and the lifting bar Ref. ② with the other hand in order to move the grinder along the rails.

As the pressure of the wheel on the rail is given by the operating arm Ref. (1) make successive passes by manoeuvring it gently. Excessive pressure on the grinding wheel may lead to it bursting.



OTHME







Depending on the situation (more or less time available for taking the machine off the rails), taking the machine off the rails must be done as per "a) Normal procedure" or "b) Emergency procedure".

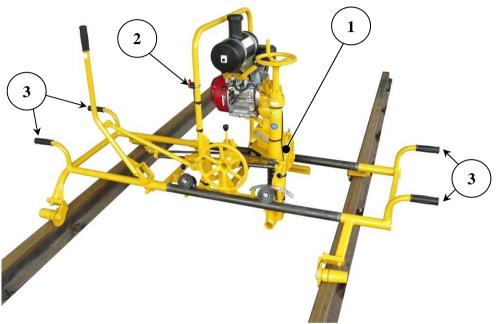
- a) <u>Normal procedure</u>
- Raise the "grinding wheel and head" assembly Ref. ① as high as possible in a vertical position.
- Reduce engine speed then stop the engine by putting the remote engine stop switch Ref. ② in position 0. Then wait until the grinding wheel has completely stopped turning.
- Take the machine off the rails by following the procedure described in §3.3 "Putting the machine on the rails" in reverse order.

As indicated in this same paragraph the "MC3" type frog and switch point grinder can be put on or off the rails by two persons. Nevertheless, if access conditions to the work area are difficult, a sufficient number of persons must be provided for so that transport operations can be carried out under good conditions.

b) Emergency procedure

- Stop the engine, by putting the remote engine stop switch Ref. 2 in position 0.
- Take hold of the machine using the two carrying bars ③ located on either side of the machine and remove it rapidly from the rails.

<u>IMPORTANT</u>: After carrying out the emergency procedure for taking the machine off the rails, it is essential to check that no machine element has been damaged and that the grinding wheel is in good condition. The machine may only be re-started after an inspection has been made and any necessary repair work carried out.







4.2.1 General storage instructions

During when the equipment is not being used, it is essential that it be stored correctly to remain in good condition. Poorly stored equipment is liable to show risks of deterioration when it is restarted. As a result, it is important that personnel in charge of storage operations take the Greatest care when storing away this equipment and that they scrupulously obey the measures recommended.

⇒ <u>Storage protection system</u>

The choice of storage protection system depends on 2 main factors:

- The length of storage time
- Storage conditions: "Non-sheltered" storage (exposed to weather conditions) and "sheltered" storage (building, closed or open shed, canopy, etc.).

Storage may only be done after the equipment has been run in. Measures must be taken for providing easy access around the equipment for servicing it.

⇒ <u>Storage premises</u>

Generally, storage premises for equipment must offer the best possible protection against:

- dust, exhaust gasses, dampness
- direct sunlight
- rapid changes in temperature

⇒ Putting into store

The condition of equipment when it is put back into service after storage depends on the way it has been prepared and protected before being stored away:

- Equipment must be cleaned (after cleaning, protect mobile elements with grease).
- A technical inspection must be made for detecting any possible anomalies.

4.2.2 Special storage instructions

- \Rightarrow For prolonged machine storage, empty the fuel tank.
- \Rightarrow Never store the machine away with a grinding wheel fitted.
- ⇒ Store grinding wheels in a dry place, protected from frost, sunshine and heat. Position them so that they do not undergo any external pressure liable to warp them. Machines must not be stored away for more than 2 years.





CHAPTER 5 – SERVICING / MAINTENANCE

5.1 Servicing

For servicing and repairing this equipment, appropriate training, proficiency and tooling are required. The equipment can only be serviced and repaired by persons possessing the necessary skills and sound general knowledge in mechanical engineering.

Before any servicing operation is carried out, the engine must be stopped (leave the control in the stop position) and left until cold.

To a large extent, safety in use relies on the machine being serviced correctly.

Waste resulting from servicing and maintenance operations (fluids, filters, used rags, etc.) must be processed as per regulations in force and environmental protection directives.

A Exchange or repair all worn, damaged or missing parts, whenever there is a safety risk.

5.1.1 Engine

• Refer strictly to the manufacturer's instructions

5.1.2 List of equipment and accessories required for servicing

The following tooling is required for carrying out servicing and maintenance operations correctly:

Standard tooling (supplied with the machine)	Servicing and maintenance tooling (non-supplied with the machine)
17 mm box spanner (Ref. 28051)	Flat screwdriver
17 mm flat spanner (Ref. FJM)	10, 12, 14 and 18 mm flat spanners
13 mm flat spanner (Ref. FJX)	3, 4, 5 and 6 mm Allen keys
H36 box spanner Ref. 28052A)	Multigrip pliers
Plug spanner (Ref. FVL)	

This list of tooling does not exclude equipment that is normal but essential for servicing, such as: Rags, brushes, grease, etc.

5.1.3 Cleaning

Make sure that the machine is kept in as clean a condition as possible. The machine's service life and its satisfactory operation depend on the care given in cleaning the equipment.

Clean the machine carefully with a clean rag or an air gun taking care to remove any dirt that may have been deposited on it, especially close to moving parts. As a precaution, wear gloves systematically to avoid injuring or burning hands.

Regularly clean the chain on the tilting system.





5.1.4 Lubrication

- Lubricate the whole machine thoroughly once a week by means of the 4 grease nipples Ref. G.

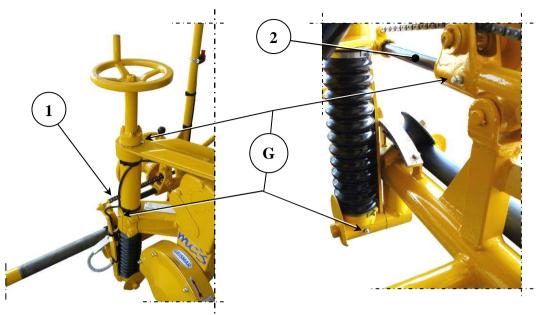
Use one of the following recommended greases:

- TOTAL	MULTIS 2
- KLÜBER	NATOSBIN B 1600 EP

or any other grease that meets DIN 51 354 or ISO.L.XBBFB.00 standards (grade 00 stringy grease for heavily loaded gears. utilization temperature from -20° C to $+120^{\circ}$ C).

Regularly grease chain Ref. (1) and tilt slideway Ref. (2).

Keep clean and regularly lubricate all the locking and adjustment elements where handles, hand wheels and guide columns are located.

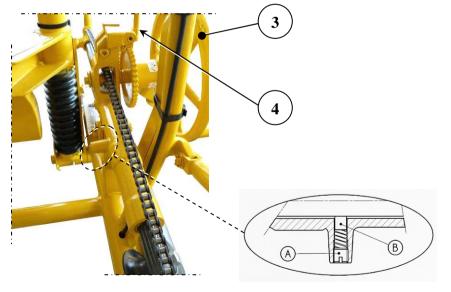


5.1.5 <u>Tilt brake</u>

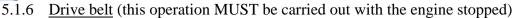
• The tilt brake must be regularly checked to avoid the grinding head tipping over too rapidly.

 $\underline{\text{To do this:}}$ - Hold hand wheel Ref. 3 firmly.

- Release holding catch Ref. 4.
- Rotate hand wheel Ref. ③ to tilt the grinding head, and adjust screw Ref. ④ until the head remains in position at any angle without needing to hold it in place with the hand wheel.
- If the brake is no longer sufficiently effective after a certain period of use, repeat the above operations.
- When adjustments can no longer be made, replace the brake pad Ref. (B).







Drive belt tension:

Every 50 hours' operation, adjust the drive belt tension as follows:

- **1** Unscrew the 2 screws Ref. ① with a flat screwdriver.
- **2** Remove the front housing cover Ref. (7).
- **3** Loosen nut Ref. (3) holding the tensioning roller in place (18 mm flat spanner). Apply tension to the drive belt by moving the tensioning roller until the required tension is obtained, then retighten nut Ref. (3).
- 2 Put the front housing cover Ref. 7 in position and retighten the 2 screws Ref. 1.

Changing the drive belt:

- Remove the grinding wheel cover Ref. (5) by unscrewing the 4 nuts Ref. (6) and then remove the grinding wheel.
- **2** Unscrew the 9 screws Ref. ⁽²⁾ holding the front housing Ref. ⁽⁴⁾ (13 mm flat spanner and 6 mm Allen key). Remove the front cover.
- S Loosen nut Ref. 3 holding the tensioning roller in place (18 mm flat spanner).
- Replace the belt and adjust its tension.
- **③** Refit the front housing proceeding as for dismantling but in reverse order.

<u>NB</u>: Whenever a drive belt is exchanged or refitted, check that the pulley grooves are in good condition and clean them carefully together with the belt grooves.

5.1.7 Engine speed

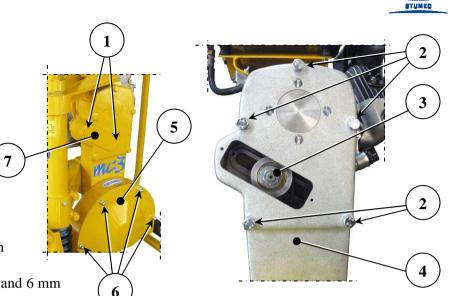
On leaving our works, the carburettor is delivered with the best-possible setting corresponding to barometric and climatic conditions at our works at the time. For optimal use of the machine, it is important that the engine speed corresponds to the speed indicated in §2.3 "Technical Characteristics".

Besides normal servicing during use, it is recommended that any possible repairs or adjustments to the carburetor are carried out by members of the GEISMAR sales or repair network. All carburetor adjustments must be made when the engine is hot. Refer strictly to the manufacturer's instructions when making these adjustments.

Regularly check the maximum rotation speed of the engine running unloaded, using an electronic tachometer (Ref. HLN). A check must be made before the machine is used for the first time, weather conditions and altitude may considerably modify settings.

To check the setting and measure engine speed, the machine must be placed in a work position.

Too low or too high speeds may cause premature wear on certain parts, even serious operating incidents.







5.2 <u>Maintenance</u>

5.2.1 <u>Preventive maintenance schedule</u>

		FREQUENCY						
ELEMENTS	TYPE OF OPERATION	Before every use	After every use	Once a week	Every 50 hours	Every 100 hours	Presence of evident signs of wear or poor operation	Ref.
The whole machine	Machine inspection	x						Chap.3 - § 5
The whole machine	Clean thoroughly with a clean rag or an air gun for removing any dirt that may have settled on the machine		x					Chap.5 § 1.3
Lubrication	Greaser / Oiler			Х				Chap.5 § 1.4
Tilt brake	Check / Adjustment			Х				Chap.5 § 1.5
Drive belt	Adjustment / Replacement				Х		X	Chap.5 & 1.6
Engine speed	Check			Х				Chap.5 & 1.7

<u>NB:</u> These recommendations are not limitative. Permanent surveillance of the machine and well-organized preventive servicing are certain to extend machines' service life.





5.2.2 <u>List or normal wear parts (this list does not include engine parts)</u>

A list of the machine's normal wear parts is given below together with the conditions for their replacement

However, all worn, damaged or missing parts MUST be exchanged or repaired immediately, whenever there is a safety risk.

Name	Part	Nb.	Replacement conditions
Engine stop switch (petrol engine only)	HBD	1	Dysfunction or breakage
Chain	DJD	1	
Closed rubber handle Ø27	LZ	5	Wear or breakage
Bakelite ball Ø25	MA	2	
Dust-boot	28 278	1	
Type J belt	ATP	1	Deterioration
Grinding wheel protective cover	28 036 B	1	
Grinding wheel protective housing	28 035 C	1	
Brake pad	28 288	1	Wear or deterioration
Brake spring	33 044	1	wear or deterioration
Rapid connection	BJS	2	





CHAPTER 6 – MODIFICATIONS & OPTIONS

6.1 Optional equipment

6.1.1 Anti-vibration handles

The machine's lifting and operating handles are anti-vibration (Ref. 28250 FW).

The purpose of these handles is to:

- reduce vibrations at the operator station
- provide increased comfort when using the machine
- enable the machine to be used for longer periods.

6.1.2. Braking system

To prevent the machine from moving by itself after it has been placed on the rails, it is fitted with an automatic roller braking system Ref. ①.

To use the machine, all that is required is to take the brake off by operating the control handle Ref. (2).

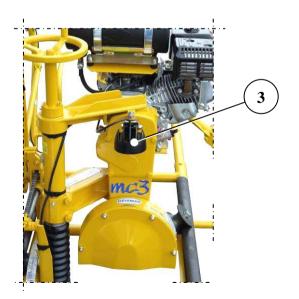
6.1.3 Lighting system

To enable work to be done at night-time or in a tunnel the machine can be fitted with a lighting system.

This system consists of a projector Ref. ③ placed on the grinding head.

Lighting is switched on and off automatically when the machine is started or stopped.







6.1.4 System for transport by inflatable wheel

To simplify transport on worksites and reduce the number of persons required, an inflatable wheel system Ref. ① can be adapted to the machine. The inflatable wheel makes it possible to cross tracks and get to the work site even under difficult conditions.

The system's switchover to "work" or "transport" mode is done manually and the wheel is locked in position using a captive pin.

System for transport by inflatable wheel (ref. 28250 BM).

6.1.5 Rollers for buried grooved rails

Roller system Ref. 2 for using the machine on flat-bottomed rails and buried grooved rails (up to 50 mm).

6.1.6 Power take-off

Two operators MUST be present when the flexible grinding unit is used on machines fitted with a power take-off Ref. ③. One operator must keep control over the machine, whilst the other carries out grinding operations with the portable grinding-head.

The engine MUST be stopped before any intervention is carried out on the grinding wheel or the flexible drive. Using the machine with the flexible drive MUST ONLY take place with the machine off the rails.

Fitting the flexible drive:

Raise the grinding head using the height adjustment hand wheel.

Place the grinding head vertically so that the power take-off is accessible. Remove the protective cap on the power take-off and then attach the flexible transmission drive.

Starting the motor:

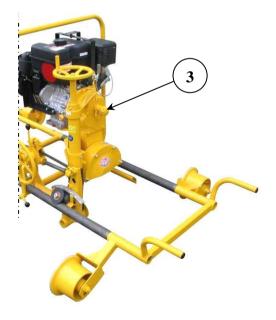
Irrespective of whether the flexible drive is fitted with a clutch or not (compulsory for use in the EC), the power take-off requires two operators to be present. After the first operator has attached the tool selected, he must take hold of the grinding wheel holder and wait for the machine to be started up by the second operator. He must not put the tool holder on the ground before the second operator has completely stopped the motor. As long as the motor is running, one of the operators must remain beside it and stop it immediately should any incident whatsoever occur.

Precautions for use:

When grinding, take all necessary precautions to avoid sending jets of sparks towards the second operator who MUST wear glasses and gloves.

Do not bend or twist the flexible drive excessively as this is liable to damage the transmission system and even lead to accidents, should it break suddenly as a result of incorrect use.

After the motor has been stopped the flexible drive must be removed and the power take-off protective cap put back in place. To continue work, put the machine back on the rails before carrying out any other operations.







6.1.7 Bearing ring for use on shallow-buried grooved rails



1

Kenta

For carrying out operations on buried grooved rails, the machine must be raised so that no part of it is in contact with the track. For this purpose, a bearing ring Ref. ① must be mounted on the roller and held in position with a screw. This enables the machine to be raised by 11 mm.

Rollers for buried grooved rails (Ref. 28250 CY).

6.1.8 Consumables

Disc grinding wheels for back-plate and central nut fitting:

Grinding wheels in reinforced resinoid for flat-bottomed rails	Grinding wheels in reinforced resinoid for grooved rails
• Wheel Ø 254 x 40 x 76.2 – 166 x 9.5/9.5 (code N01952)	• Wheel Ø 254 x 40 x 76.2 – 166 x 9.5/9.5
• Wheel Ø 254 x 32 x 76.2 – 166 x 8.5/8.5	• Wheel Ø 254 x 32 x 76.2 – 166 x 8.5/8.5 (code N04248)
• Wheel Ø 254 x 32 x 76.2 – 166 x 8/8	• Wheel Ø 254 x 32 x 76.2 – 166 x 8/8 (code N04264)
• Wheel Ø 254 x 25 x 76.2 – 166 x 7.5/7.5 (code N04571)	
• Wheel Ø 254 x 31.75 x 25.4 (code N00740)	
• Wheel Ø 254 x 44.5 x 25.4	
• Wheel Ø 250 x 5 x 32	
• Wheel Ø 250 x 25 x 32	
• Wheel Ø 254 x 31.75 x 25.4	
Wheel Ø 230 x 20 x 22.2	
Wheel Ø 254 x 44.5 x 25.4	
• Abrasive wheel Ø 8" x 1" x 1"	

Disc grinding wheels for back-plate and screw:

Grinding wheels in reinforced resinoid for flat-bottomed rails	Grinding wheels in reinforced resinoid for grooved rails
• Wheel Ø 260 x 25 x 120 (code N04051)	
 Wheel Ø 260 x 32 x 120 Wheel Ø 260 x 15 x 120 (code N03858) 	



GRINDING WHEELS MUST COMPLY WITH THE TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS DEFINED IN §2.3"TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS/WHEEL"





CHAPTER 7 – SPARE PARTS CATALOG

7.1 Drawings and parts lists

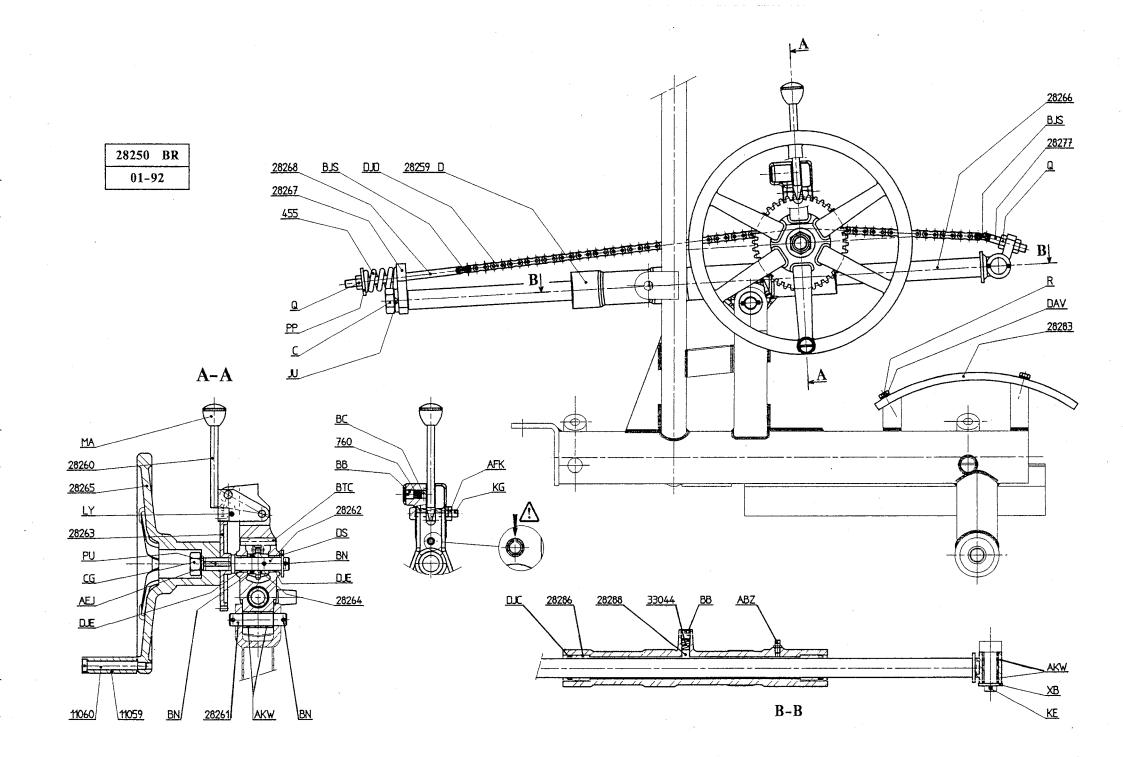




IMPORTANT	Afin que votre commande de pièces de rechange soit suivie d'une livraison prompte et correcte, bien indiquer :
	 Le rep., le nombre et la désignation des pièces de rechange Le type et le n° de série de la machine (plaque sur le châssis)

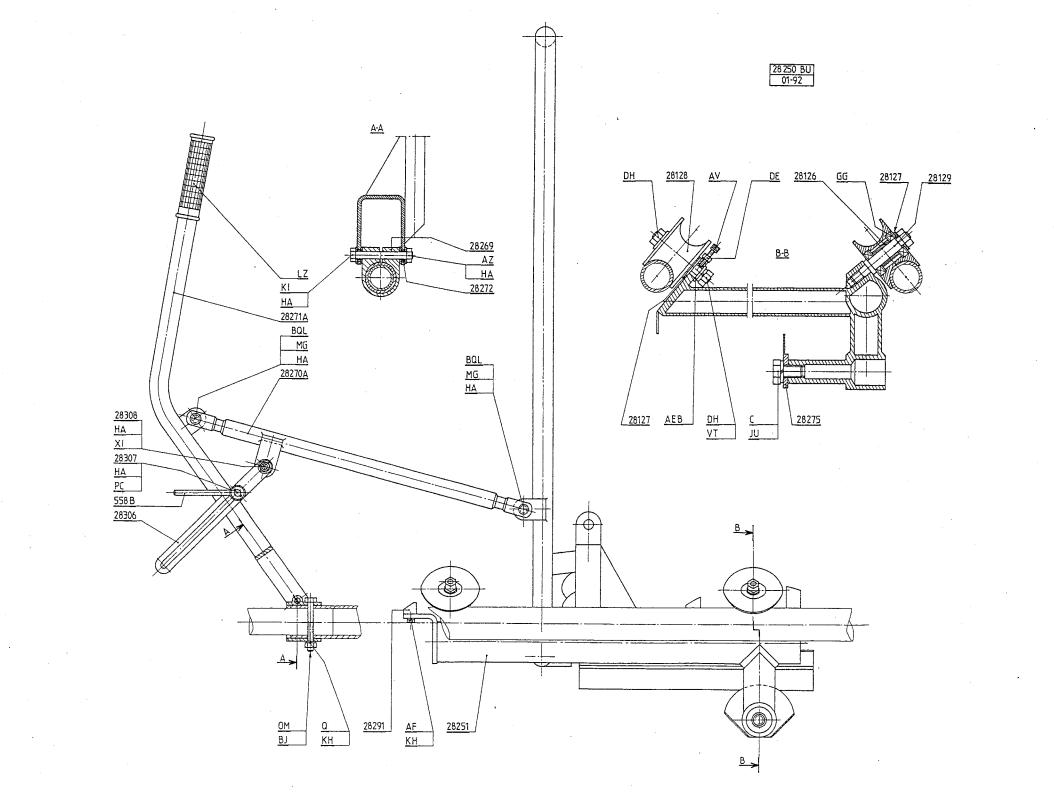
IMPORTANT	To ensure that you are delivered promptly and correctly after placing an order for spare parts please state:
	- the Reference, number and description of the spare parts
	- the type and serial number of the machine (to locate this number, look at the plate on the chassis)

WICHTIG	Um uns eine schnelle und fehlerlose Erledigung lhres Ersatzteil-Auftrages zu erlauben,
	bitten wir Sie um folgende Angaben :
	- Seriennummer und Baujahr der maschine
	- Benennung und Bestellnummer der Ersatzeile

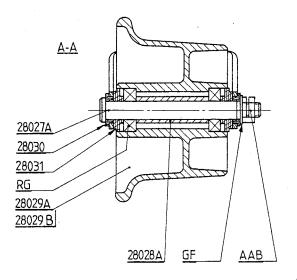


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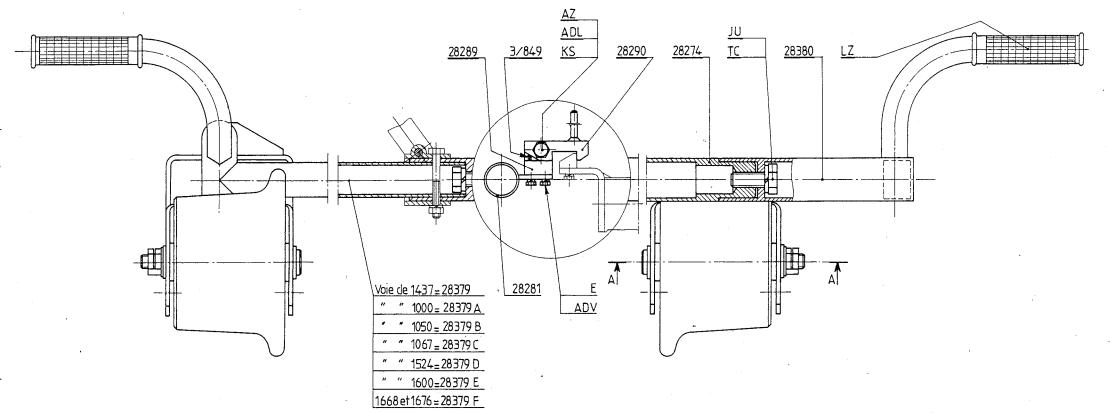
Ref.	Qty	Description	Ref.	Qty	Description
455 760 11 059 11 060 28 259 D 28 260 28 261 28 262 28 263 28 264 28 265 28 266 28 267 28 268 28 267 28 268 28 277 28 283 28 288 33 044	2,5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Pressure spring Spring Handwheel handle Handle axle Inclination mechanism support Ratchet Axle 14 x 62 Inclination axle Pinion 40 D Chain pinion Inclination handwheel Inclination adjustment rod Hooking plate Hooking rod Adjustment rod Graduated sector Inclination support ring Brake pad Brake spring	C Q R BB BC BN CG DS JU KE KG LY MA PP PU XB ABZ AEJ AFK AKW BJS BTC DAV DJC DJD DJE	$ \begin{array}{c} 1\\2\\2\\1\\5\\1\\1\\1\\1\\1\\1\\1\\1\\1\\1\\1\\1\\1\\2\\2\\1\\2\\1$	Screw 16 x 30 Nut H 8 Screw H 6 x 20 Split screw 3 x 25 Steel-ball \emptyset 8,731 Elastic pin 3 x 20 Nut H 14 Washer M 14 Washer W 16 Elastic pin 4 x 25 Screw Chc 8 x 45 Elastic pin 5 x 15 Bakelite knob dia. 25 Washer \emptyset 9 x 30 x 3 Key BR 5 x 5 x 30 Washer Z 14 U Lubricator M 6 Fan washer Stop-nut H 8 Self-lubricated ring 18 x 24 x 22 Connecting link 3 N chain Elastic pin 8 x 40 Fan washer DI 6 Scraper joint 21 x 28 3 N chain, pitch 9,525 mm 61 links Self lubricated ring 14 x 18 x 14



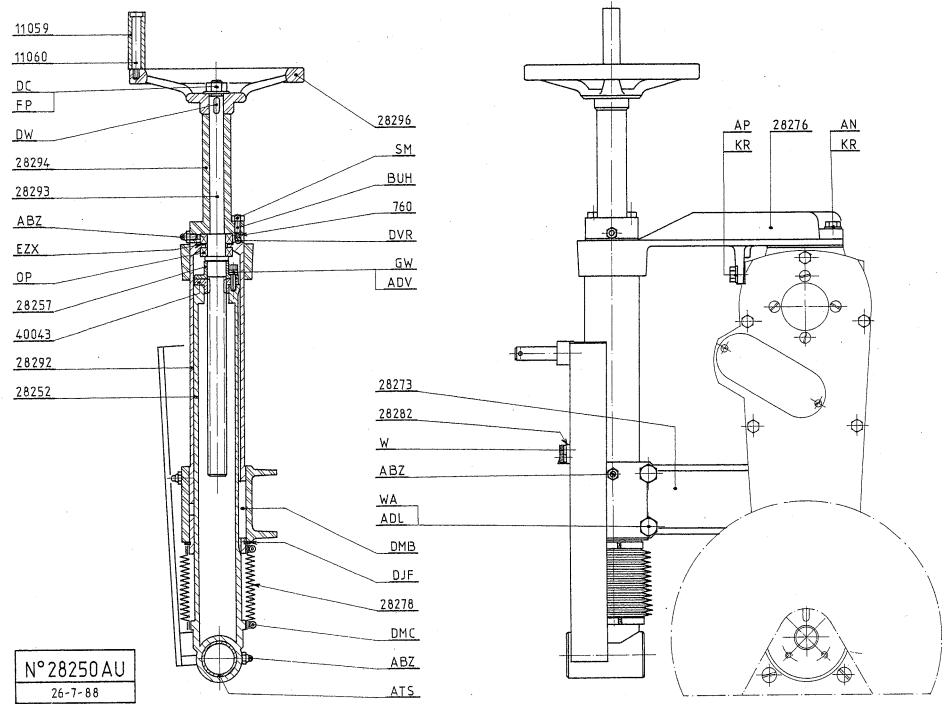
Ref.	Qty	Description	Ref.	Qty	Description
558 B 28 126 28 127 28 128 28 129 28 251 28 269 28 270 A 28 271 A 28 275 28 291 28 306 28 308	Qty 1 3 4 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Locking handle Grooved roller axle Blocking washer Grooved roller Blocking axle Transfer trolley-body Traversing arm bearing Support connecting rod Traversing arm Spacer socket Protective plate Pawl Locking rod Stud 33 x 13 M 10 Stud 14 x 8 M 10	C Q AF AV AZ BJ DE DH GG HA JU KH KI LZ MG OM PC VT XI AEB BQL	1 1 1 1 1 1 4 1 1 4 6 6 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Screw H 16 x 30 Nut H 8 Screw H 8 x 15 Screw Chc 6 x 25 Nut H 10 Screw H 8 x 70 Nut H 6 Nut H 12 Bearing n° 6203 - 2 RS.1 Washer M 10 Washer W 16 Washer W 8 Screw H 10 x 80 Rubber handle Cotter pin 3 x 25 Screw H 8 x 60 Elastic pin \emptyset 2 x 12 Washer W 12 Split brake nut \emptyset 10 Washer L 12 Shell-axle







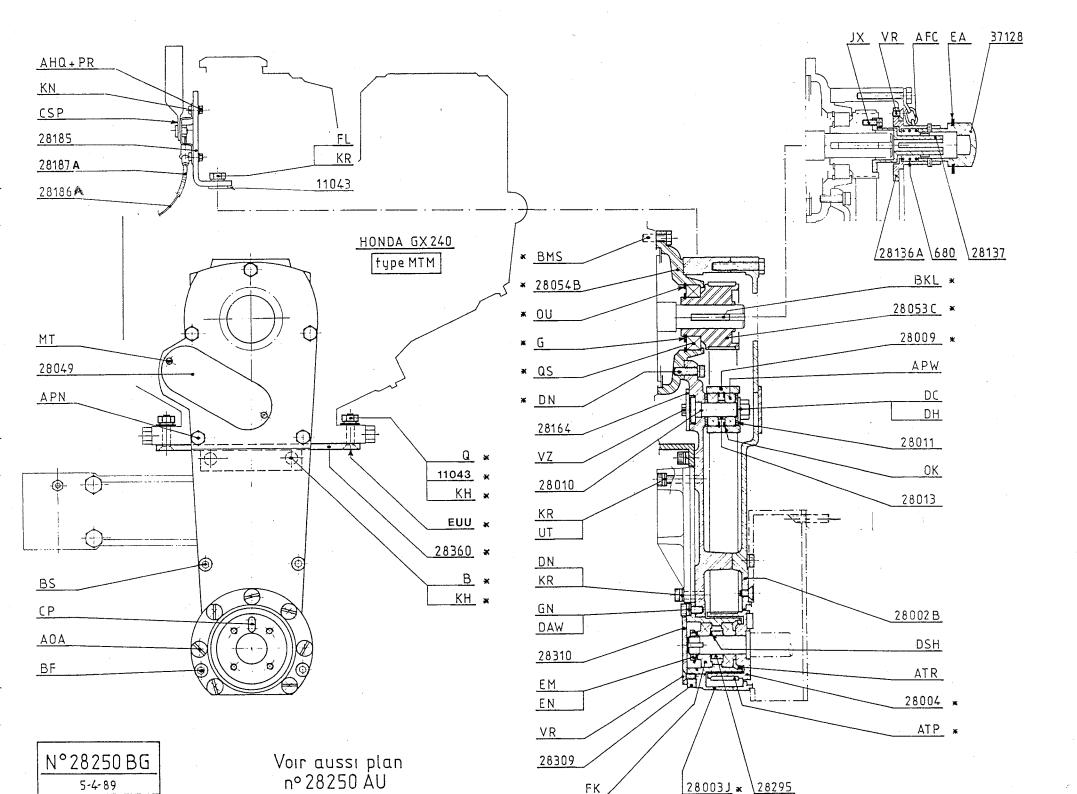
Ref. Qt	Description	Ref.	Qty	Description
3/849 1 28 027 A 5 28 028 A 5 28 030 10 28 031 10 28 031 10 28 281 1 28 289 1 28 289 1 28 379 1 28 379 A 1 28 379 B 1 28 379 C 1 28 379 E 1 28 379 F 1 28 380 1 28 380 1 28 029 A 5 28 029 B 5	Spring Front roller axle Front roller cross-piece Insulating sleeve Insulating locking device Guiding axle Rear slide spacer Pawl bearing Ratchet Rear roller support (1435 mm track gauge) " " (1000 mm track gauge) " " (1000 mm track gauge) " " (1050 mm track gauge) " " (1067 mm track gauge) " " (1524 mm track gauge) " " (1600 mm track gauge) " " (1668 and 1676 mm track gauge) Front roller support Front roller (iron) Front roller (aluminium)	E AZ GF JU KS LZ RG TC AAB ADL ADV	2 1 5 4 1 4 10 4 5 1 2	Screw H 6 x 16 Nut H 10 Washer M 16 Screw H 10 x 30 Rubber handle Bearing n° 6204 – 2 RS.1 Screw H 16 x 35 Stop-nut H 16 Washer Z 10 U Washer W 6



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Ref.	Qty	Description	Ref.	Qty	Description
760	3	Spring	w	2	Screw Chc 6 x 10
11 059	1	Handwheel handle	AN	2	Screw H 8 x 35
11 060	1	Handle axle	AP	2	Screw H 8 x 20
28 252	1	Height adjustment pivot	DC	1	Washer M 12
28 257	1	Screw thrust	DW	1	Key 5 x 5 x 15
28 273	1	Pivoting support	FP	1	Stop nut M 12
28 276	1	Upper support	GW	2	Screw Chc 6 x 20
28 278	1	Protective bellows	KR	4	Fan washer 8
28 282	1	Inclination finger	OP	2	Thrust ball bearing 51104
28 292	1	Height adjustment shaft	SM	3	Nut Hm 8
28 293	1	Height adjustment screw	WA	2	Screw H 10 x 50
28 294	1	Handwheel extension piece	ABZ	3	Lubricator Bec 6
28 296	1	Height adjustment handwheel	ADL	2	Washer Z 10 U
40 043	1	Height adjustment nut	ADV	2	Washer W 6
			ATS	2	Self lubricating ring $32 \times 38 \times 32$
			BUH	3	Screw Hc 8 x 20
			DJF	1	Inverted ring TRUARC 60 E
			DMB	2	Round end key $8 \ge 7 \ge 60$
			DMC	2	Tightening collar
			DVR	3	Ball Ø 7
			EZX		Shims Ø 30,2 x 34,5

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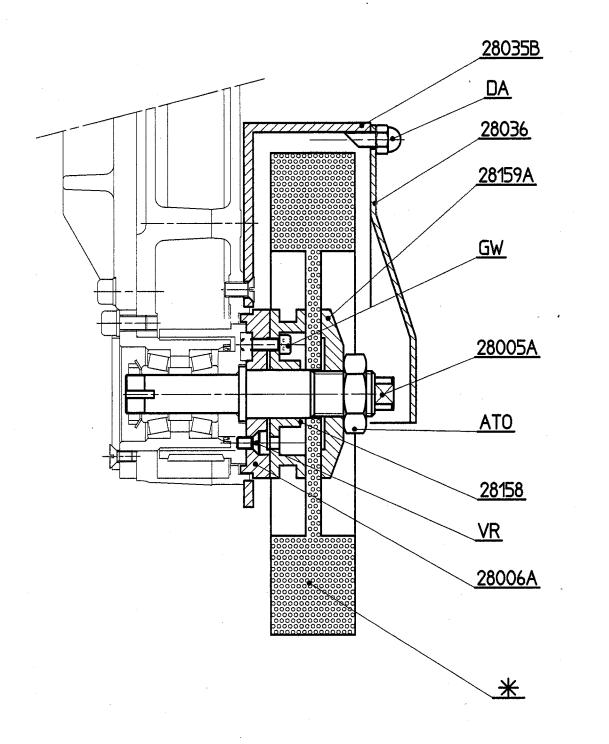


28 250 BG

Ref.	Qty	Description	Ref.	Qty	Description
680	1	Spring	EA	1	Circlips 45 e
11 043	1	Washer	EM	1	Tightening nug KM.4
28 002 B	1	Belt front casing	EN	1	Brake washer MB.4
28 003 J	1	Belt rear casing	FK	2	Bearing n° 30204
28 010	1	Tension roller axle	FL	1.	Screw H 8 x 45
28 011	2	Tension roller locking device	GN	6	Screw Chc 8 x 15
28 013	1	Ring Ø 15 x 20 x 7	JX	6	Screw Chc 6 x 15
28 049	1	Casing locking device	KN	2	Screw C 5 x 15
28 136 A	1	Connecting socket	KR	5	Fan washer 8
28 137	1	Flexible shaft driver	MT	2	Screw TF 4 x 10
28 164	1	Locking plate	OK	2	Retaining ring 35 i
28 185	1	Mounting, lever	PR	2	Nut H 5
28 186 A	1	Cable	UT	2	Screw Chc 8 x 40
28 187 A	- 1	Sheath	VR	7	Screw F 6 x 12
28 295	1	Bearing spacer	VZ	2	Screw H 6 x 12
28 309	1	Bearing	AFC	1	Chain
28 3 1 0	1	Locking device	AHQ	2	Washer DE 5
37 128	1	Bayonet-plug	AOA	7	Screw F 8 x 16
			APN	5	Screw H 8 x 50
BF	4	Screw Chc 8 x 30	APW	2	Bearing n° 6202 $-$ 2 RS. 1
BS	2	Screw Chc 8 x 35	ATR	1	Tightness joint G 45 x 52 x 4
CP	1	Key BR 6 x 6 x 15	CSP	1	Lever throttle control assy
DC	5	Washer M 12	DAW	6	Washer DI 8
DH	-9	Nut H 12	DSH	1	Adjusting ring when assembling 20,2 x 25
DN	4	Screw Chc 8 x 25			

<u>NOTE</u>: The bearings are lubricated with KLUBER ISOFLEX NBU 15 grease of synthetic base. In USA and Canada grease PENWALT KSL 112 may be used. When filling after bearing replacement, obtain this grease from us of from your usual supplier asking for life lubrication of roller conical bearings (such as TIMKEN), grade NLGI.2 stating temperature limits from - 20 to + 150°C and according to MIL.G.23 827 A specification.

SPECIAL PARTS FOR HONDA GX 240 ENGINE ADAPTATION - MTM TYP							
12 391	1	Label	DN	4	Screw Chc 8 x 25		
28 004	1	Receiving pulley external dia 68,5	11 043	2	Washer Ø 8,2 x 20 x 4		
28 009	1	Tension roller	KH	4	Washer W 6		
28 053 C	1	Driving pulley external dia 67	OU	1	Circlips 68 i		
28 054 B	1	Engine adaptator	QS	1	Bearing 6008 – 2 RS.1		
28 360	1	Engine support	ATP	1	Belt 13 t, 914 mm long.		
В	2	Screw Chc 8 x 20	BKL	1	Key BR 6,35 x 6,35 x 40		
G	1	Circlips 40 e	BMS	4	Screw H 3/8 – 16 UNC – long. 25		
Q	2	Nut H 8	EUU -	4	Screw FS 8 x 40		



28250 AJ 11/1986

Ref.	Qty	Description	Ref.	Qty	Description
28 005 A 28 006 A 28 035 B 28 036 28 159 A	1 1 1 1 1	Receiving pulley axle Engine bracket Grindstone protecting casing Grindstone protecting plate Grindstone tightening flange	DA VR ATO	4 4 1	Blind nut H 8 Screw FS 6 x 12 Nut Hm 24

		ON REQUEST
28 158	1	Spacer bracket
GW	2	Screw Chc 6 x 20

* Spéciale grindstone \emptyset 254 x 44, 5 x 25,4 - 50 m/s

REMOVING OF GRINDSTONE

- Take off 4 nuts then protection plate ref. 28 036.

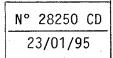
- Remove tightening flange ref. 28 159 A, then grindstone.

REMOUNTING OF GRINDSTONE

- Proceed in the reverse order to removing.

- DO NOT TIGHTEN TOO MUCH.

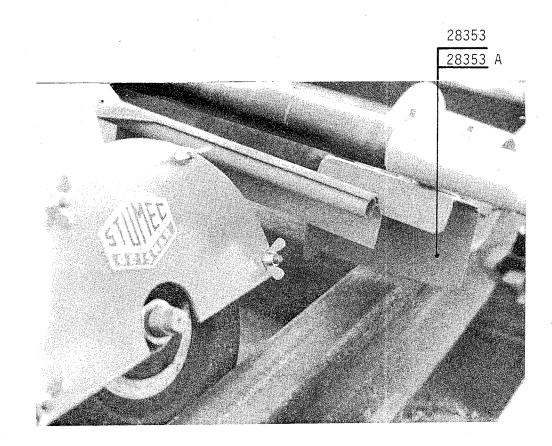
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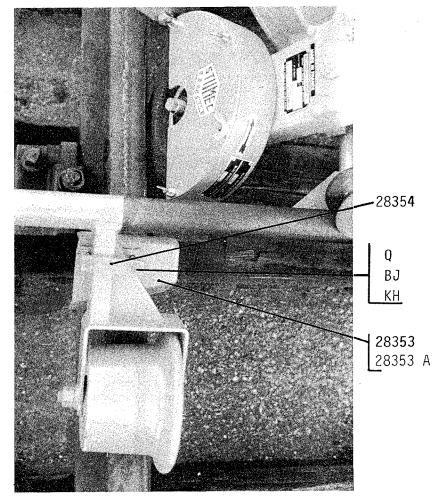


SPARKS GUARD

To avoid incandescent particles projection ont he roller, the mounting of a protection fixed on the roller support canalyse the sparks to the ground.

This rapid seting up can done on the machines in use.





Ref.	Qty	Description
28353 28353 A 28353 B 28354 Q BJ KH	1 1 1 2 2 2	Spark guard (roller Ø 150mm) Spark guard (roller Ø 57mm) Spark guard (for 28250DG) Spark guard clamp Nut H 8 Screw H 8 x 70 Washer W 8